

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

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Jewish Doctors in Croatia

Jewish cemetery in Zagreb
Monument of Moses with Tablets of the Decalogue



Jewish Doctors in Croatia

Bible, Magic and Superstition

The bible forbid the practice of magic and prescribes the death penalty for witches.

Not all magical practices were forbidden - certain types of "White magic" (associated with healing) were allowed.

In middle ages the magical motifs of folk religion were reinforced by the Kabala.

Fear of the evil eye was common and amulets and mezuzah worn for protection.

Gematria determined lucky and unlucky numbers and Astrology marked a lucky and unlucky days (Tuesdays)

Wandering folk-healers (baal shem) offered magical charms, handbooks prescribed spells and ritual (segullot) for "every" situation...

Legend about the magical exploit of the tzaddik- Chasidic movement.

Heikhalot-literature based on the vision of the prophet Ezekiel

The books of Raziel's (Angel) teaching are thought to have sanctity and keeping them in the house protect home from fire and calamity

Whole areas of ritual associated with death and burial or with birth are structured on superstitions and magical beliefs, but on Talmud and Halacha too.

If the wife negligent to lit two candles in the Jewish home on Friday evening (symbolize the divine light) she is punished with death of child birth.

If the women died in childbirth this was because negligent the law of menstrual separation (niddah).

Women may use various method of contraception, since it was Adam, and not Eve, who was commanded to be fruitful.

Some gentile behavior –biblical prohibition “not walking the ways of the gentile”. Practice for covering the head – opposite to Christian prayed bare head in churches

There is also questions of wearing suits instead of traditional dress, shaving off the beard...

Number of superstitious practices have been adopted by Jews from the host culture in which they lived.

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High priest

In the Bible we can find prescription to High priest for healing “leprosy” which affected skin, hair, clotting and houses.

Priest arrived to house and declare the house and the contents is unclear.

Lepers had to undergo a process of ritual purification before being allowed back into the community.

Leprosy was cured by someone bathing in the river Jordan or in Mirjam Well.

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Amulet from Persia



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Amulet

for the newborn

Around head are names
from Bible .

On the top is God blessing

On the bottom “Lilith is
captured”



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מכאל גבריאל רפאל נוריאל קרויאל מלכיאל טומאל חפריאל צורא רכאל יומיאל סטורי גראאל ורראאל לזראל חוקאל רחטא
קדשאלא שכניאלא בקריאל אוחאל חניאלא לאחאל מלכיאל וחסאל רוכיאל קריאל חכיאל ריכאל קרשיאל גיאאל טוראל חבסאל
מחנאלא קנאלא רדאלא צראק עשפאל רוחיאל פונינה ודרזינה רפסאל וויאאל פנאלא טהראלא יעריאל
נראה סמכיאל עניאלא תסודיה רגאל צויאת פסיטה עריאל סמכיא מוניה קניינה יואל טסיטה חוניאל
ויריאל ועריאל דנאלא גראלא בראלא אהניאל

Amulet to protect mother and child after birth, with names of three angels who guard human against Lilith



בשם אהיה וראה הראה אא בב או מאכ אאא

אשביעת עלן חוה ראשונה בשם יהואה יוצרך וכפט שלשה מלאכים שליח יהוזן-כשבילך ומלאך באין ה'ס ונשביתת לחות במקום שצמצאו טבאות שלא
תויק אתה ולא אחת ממתווין ושרוחך לא לבלי ט' ששה שמוטה לבן בשמותם ולחחותם הכתובים מה אני משבעך ואתה מתנויך ומשרחק, שלא הויק לך
חילרת פלונית בת פלונית ולחהל שטולר לה לא ביזס ולא ביללה לא בכאלם ולא במטהם לא בראסם ולא בלנסם ולא בטני סאורה וארבעת
ושפונגה אכrichtך ולא נשלפה מאות שפש וופשה גורחת בכת השפטות ותחותמות האלה אלוי אני בפצעיך ואט מתנויך ומשריך

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**Amulet in the
shape of the hand
with the divine
name engraved on
the palm**



Jewish Doctors in Croatia

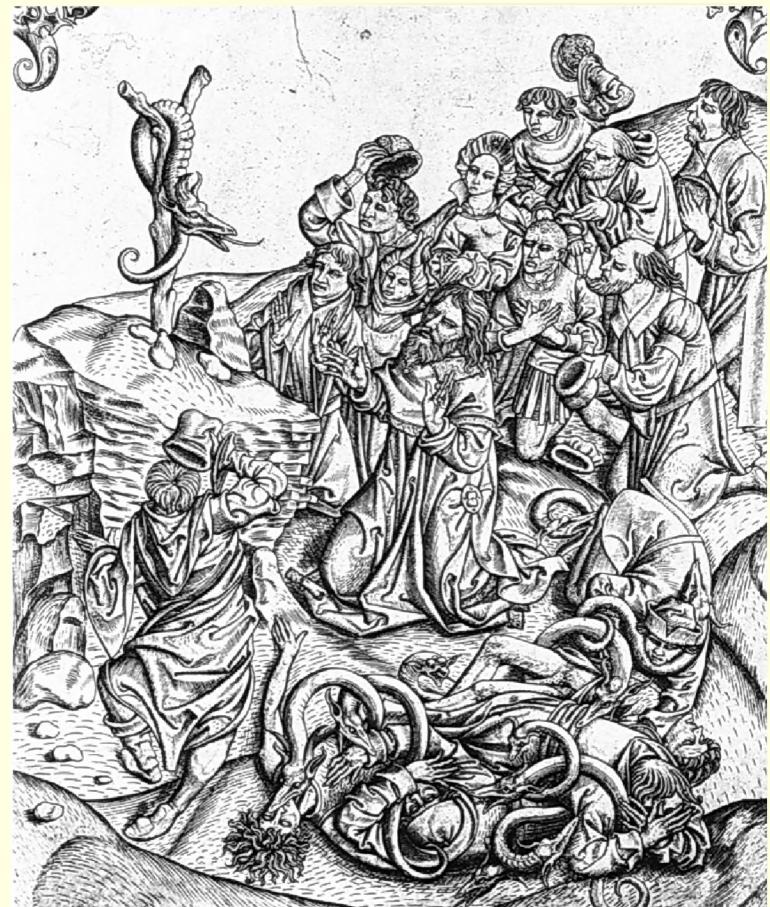
Brazen Serpent- serpent of bronze which Moses set up in wilderness during the epidemic of snake bite.

The snake is a symbol of evil speech.

Those bitten by a snake had merely to look up to the Brazen Serpent to be cured.

Mishnah ask how - answer is :

when the Israelites looked up to heaven they were cured.



The Brazen Serpent by Albert du Hameel.

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People can be harmed by “evil eye” and for protection should wear a tallit, tzitzit, or be clothed with something red, carry salt in their pocket or wear an amulet round their neck

Sign of hand can be attached to the wall of the home as a prophylaxis .

A bridegroom should be not left alone on the day of his wedding but if he walks backwards he will be able to avoid the evil eye...

The way to removing the spell of the evil eyes is to recite various formulas over the person affected and spit three times....



Bronze amulet against the **evil eye** (4c., Israel).

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Locust represent a mayor natural disaster in biblical times

Attack of a mighty band of locusts on the Land of Israel could be only removed by seeking divine mercy.

In general locust are symbols of greed and destruction.



Graeco-Roman earthenware lamp with **locust** design.

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**Amulet in the form of Magen
david with the name of angels
who protect humans from Lilith**

**Lilith was first wife of Adam who
run to the Red Sea. Three angels
try to bring her back, but she
become bride of Samael.**

**She among others “harm
newborn infants”.**

**The amulet engraved with the
word “Adam and Eve excluding
Lilith” used to be attached to the
walls of home in which a woman
was about to give Birth...**



17c. amulet in the form of a magen david in a circle. The names of the four rivers from the Garden of Eden are on the outside, and the names of the angels which protect humans from **Lilith** are set along the circle and inset in the six-pointed star.

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Yad –pointer in the shape of a hand used during public reading of the Sefer Thorah

In ancient time when synagogues were attacked Yad was used as a weapon of defense.

The five fingers of the hand are a prophylactic against evil, and the image of the hand on a wall of the home ward off evil spirits,



Wooden torah pointers in the shape of a hand (**yad**).

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

Medicine in East and West Adriatic coast

Between West and East Adriatic Coast always existed cooperation and exchange of information, and knowledge but usually more from the developed West to the East

- West Adriatic influences – Universities of Bologna, Padova, Pavija, etc.
- Monastery medicine and Bededictine pharmacy –about 100 abbeys on East Adriatic coast under direct dependency of Monte Cassino
- First doctors in Dubrovnik – from Salerno
- First book in Croatian – translation of *Regimen sanitatus scholae Salernitanae*
- Legislative by Friedrich II. – part of Statutes of Dalmatian cities in XIII. and XIV. century and part of the contracts between doctors and Republic of Dubrovnik
- Medicine and pharmacy in Bologna, Padova and Pavia – not only in literature but also in exchange of doctors and pharmacists
- On East some local doctors
- Pharmacy of Small Brothers in Dubrovnik –continuity since 1317. – greatest number of local pharmacists
- Special delegation went to the University of Bologna (1320), Venice and Padova, to find best doctors for Dubrovnik.
- During Venetian dominance, only Venetian citizens are worked as doctors and pharmacists
- „Ljekaruse“ – collecting local medicine and adjusting to local needs and circumstances
- East Adriatic contribution by collected herbs, translations of Arabic medicinal books (Hieronymus dalmata), author of „Libri secreti“ (Don Alessio Piemontese - Marijo Kaboga from Dubrovnik)
- East coast' experts worked on the West – as professors in Bologna
- In Padova were 39 professors from East coast, 10 of them were teaching medicine

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

Jewish doctors are often the first Jews who are accepted, even in the time of restrictions of settlement.

In Dubrovnik:
Guicomo Mazia from Salerno (1426), Amatus Lusitanus (1556) Portugal..

Dubrovnik - unique sanitary and medical regulation and important Jewish doctors who had influence on Mediterranean region

Zadar:
**Guglielmo da Varignana (1319) Bologna
Nicolo Rocabolella (1386-1459);**

Trogir:
Pietro Buono from Ferrara etc.



Jewish Doctors in Croatia

Contribution to Medicine by Jewish Doctors in Zagreb

Dr.Ognjen Kraus: “Many second generation families that settled in Zagreb and Osijek, chose medicine and studied at European universities. In Central Medical Association: 1874. - 104 doctors – 12 Jews; 1910. – 101 Jewish doctor

According to “200 Years of Jews in Zagreb”, by Mirko Mirković, Jewish doctors contributed to the field of medicine:

- Dr. Mavro Sachs - Zagreb city doctor, prof. of judiciary medicine; initiated the construction of Zagreb synagogue.
- Dr.Antun Schwarz- Secretary of Health Department, founder of first school for midwifery (1874)first Croatian psychiatric hospital in Stenjevec, (1879), founder of Central Medical Association in Zagreb (1874), editor of Medical Journal
- Dr.Dragutin Schwarz – Hospital “Sestre milostrdnice”, author of first publication “Opisne anatomije”
- Dr.Antun Gotlieb , surgeon
- Dr.Žiga Schwarz founder of Children's' Clinic
- Dr Lavolsav Schonstein –Medical Association
- Dr.Željko Hahn, initiator of research in public health
- Dr. Beno Stein, internist, with wife Vera Stein-Ehrlich – famous activists and writers
- Dr. Adolf Holzer, balneologist, donated meteorological station to Zagreb
- Josip Kraus - founder of first Sanatorium “Merkur”
- Dr.Stjepan Bettelheim founder of modern psychiatry
- Dr. Arpad Hahn – Dean of Medical faculty and researcher of history of medicine
- Dr. Oskar Štern – Dean of Faculty of Dental Medicine,
- Dr.Alfred Nick historian
- dr. Srećko Podvinec -otorynolaryngologists
- Dr. Oskar Stein – Dean of Faculty of Dental Medicine,
- Dr. Branko Gostl, dr. Samuel Deutsch, dr. Bela Kohn, dr Dezider Julius, dr. Pavel Herzog... And many others

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

Jewish doctors are engaged in their communities , often as their president

There is familiar tradition to study medicine .

in Zagreb – dr.Ognjen Kraus is born in Zagreb (1945), where he finished education from high school to the doctor of sciences. He is professor on Medical faculty and Chief of Urology department in “ Sestre milosrdnice” hospital. He is a member of many international organizations and has received award from Zagreb municipality . His mother dr. Herma Kraus-Delpin was Ministry of health in Croatia.

He is president of Jewish community in Zagreb and President of Coordination of the Jewish Communities in Croatia.

In Dubrovnik – dr. Bruno Horović, (1924-2002) born in Dubrovnik, Holocaust survivor. He graduated at the Medical faculty in Zagreb and specialized for pulmonary diseases. He was director of the Clinical Hospital in Mostar, president of Medical society in Herzegovina and president of Jewish Community in Dubrovnik. He helped in reconstruction of the damaged synagogue and contributed to the establishment of the Jewish museum in Dubrovnik.

His daughter ,dr. Sonja Horović (born in 1960) studied at Medical faculty and specialized in Pediatrics. She is active in Jewish community in Dubrovnik, where her sister, prof.dr. Sabrina Horović is president.

in Koprivnica- dr. Krešimir Schwarz (1925) - survived as a partisan and after the war he finished Medical faculty in Zagreb and specialized in gynecology. In hospital in Koprivnica he established department of gynecology and later he was director of the Medical center. He established many institutions and helped in the building of the new hospital. He published books and articles from the history of Koprivnica and received many awards. He is president of the Jewish community in Koprivnica.

Dr.sanja Švarc-Janjanin (1960)- is specialist of physical medicine and rehabilitation, and grandson is on the study of medicine.

In Čakovec- dr. Andrej Pal (1960) is president of Jewish community, as was his father dr. Đorđe Pal (1822) and his son study medicine There are many doctors - members of family.

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**“Ferial home” for
Jewish children in
Crikvenica ,
established by
Jewish women
organization
“Jelena Priester”
in Zagreb**

**About 3.000
children with
health problems
during the school
holidays**



FERIJALNI DOM TILDE pl. DEUTSCH U CRIKVENICI

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Clandestine
partisan
hospital
in the
mountain
Petrova gora
during the
NOB
(national
liberation war)



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Jewish doctors
In partisans
(144) and 108
as Holocaust
victims.
In 1942 - 76
Jewish doctors
(12 women)
were sent by
Ministry of
health (NDH) in
Bosnia for
eradication of
endemic
syphilis.
They joined
partisans (64)
and 7 of them
were killed.



Slika 98. Židovski doktor u partizanima

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Old age home, built with donation of businessman Lavoslav Schwarz in 1910,

On April 9, 1941 all inmates (100) must immediately leave home and they were hidden by Jewish community in different villages and from December 1943 on the estate of Cardinal Stepinac in Brezovica.

Survivors (52), after the War moved to Zagreb and later, in 1957, into the new building of old age home “Lavoslav Schwarz”.



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List of the Jewish doctors- collected by dr. Nick

LIJEĆNICI

ARMINSKI dr Izidor, 1855-1917, liječnik u Osijeku

BAUER dr Geza, 1890, zubar u Osijeku

BAUER dr Gustav, 1854-1925, županijski fizik u Varaždinu

COHN dr Julius, liječnik u Opatiji 1906.

FLESCH dr Albert, 1878-1883, liječnik u Osijeku

FODOR dr Adolf, 1853-1897, liječnik u Varaždinskim Toplicama i u Zagrebu

FODOR dr Geza, 1867-1920, internist u Opatiji i u Zagrebu

GROSSMANN dr Makso, rođ. 1893. u Vukovaru, internist u Zagrebu do 1947.

GROSSMANN dr Stefanija, pedijatar u Zagrebu

HAHN dr Željko rođ. 1876. u Vukovaru, glavni liječnik Središnjeg ureda za osiguranje radnika do 1941.

HERCOG dr Žiga, 1881 -1945, zubar u Zagrebu

HOROVITZ dr Franjo, 1867-1909

LATEINER-MAYERHOFER dr Matilda, 1880-1961, pedijatar u Zagrebu

LÖVINGER-MARKOVIĆ dr Irna, školski liječnik u Zagrebu

FISCHER dr Herman, gradski fizik u Bjelovaru

RADO dr Eugen, zubar u Zagrebu 1900.

REINER dr Moritz, 1815-1898, gradski fizik u Osijeku

SACHS dr Milan, rođ. 1877. u Zagrebu, patol. anatom i bakteriolog u Beču i Berlinu, gdje je 1903. umro od kuge, zarazivši se prilikom eksperimentalnog rada u Kochovom institutu

SCHWARZ dr Dragutin, rođ. 1886, šef kirurg, odjela Bolnice milosrdne braće u Zagrebu, umro u Beču 1917.

SCHWARZ Vatroslav (Igo), rođ. 1861, u Banatu, liječnik u Opatiji, kasnije u Osijeku, ravnatelj bolnice

SPITZER dr Eduard, 1868-1926, zubar u Varaždinu

STEIN dr Beno, 1890-1941, internist u Zagrebu, počinio suicid u Užicu

LÖWY dr Otto, rođ. 1890. u Osijeku, živio u Zagrebu do 1920, bakteriolog i imunolog, predstojnik

Bakteriološkog zavoda u Zagrebu

STEIN dr Iso, internist

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SZEGO dr Kaiman, 1897-1906, liječnik u Opatiji

SCHWARZ dr Antun, kirurg u Zagrebu

STEINHARD dr Izidor, primarius infektolog, osnivač Kužne bolnice u Zagrebu

SCHWARZ dr Žiga, pedijatar, šef dječjeg dispanzera u Zagrebu

JUNGVIRT dr Gustav, pedijatar, načelnik odjela Bolnice u Vinogradskoj ul. u Zagrebu

GOTTLIEB dr Antun, primarijus i kirurg u Zagrebu

ALTMANN dr Vladin ir, rendgenolog u Zagrebu

BAUER dr Rikard, rendgenolog u Zagrebu

ORNSTEIN dr.....rendgenolog u Osijeku

SCHEYER dr Julije, pedijatar u Koprivnici

KOLLMANN dr Heinrich, u mlađim danima dvorski liječnik kralja Milana Obrenovića u Smederevu, zatim mnogo godina općinski liječnik u Goli i u Koprivnici

ALTMANN dr.....zubar u Zagrebu

FODOR dr.....(otac), zubar u Zagrebu

FODOR dr.....(sin), zubar u Zagrebu

WILF dr Leo, zubar u Zagrebu

HAAS dr Žarko, zubar u Zagrebu

HOCHSTETTER dr Bela, ginekolog u Zagrebu, sanitetski pukovnik JNA i upravnik Vojne bolnice

VAJTA dr.....ginekolog u Zagrebu

KARPATI dr Mirko, ginekolog u Zagrebu

WINTER dr Miroslav, dermatovenerolog u Zagrebu, poginuo u partizanima

SCHLESINGER dr Miroslav, šef-liječnik Središnjeg ureda za socijalno osiguranje u Zagrebu, poginuo u partizanima

SCHLESINGER dr Albert, privatni liječnik u Zagrebu

KRAUS dr Gustav, zubar u Zagrebu, poginuo u partizanima

LEDERER-KRAUS dr Juliška, dermatolog iz Zagreba, poginula u partizanima

HERŠKOVIC dr Izak, internist u zakladnoj bolnici u Zagrebu

KOHN dr Bela, kirurg u Zagrebu

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KON dr Dragutin, stomatolog, sanitetski pukovnik u Vojnoj bolnici u Zagrebu

KALLAI dr Laszlo, internist, prof. Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu

NICK dr Alfred, rođ. 1902. u Sarajevu, sanitetski pukovnik u JNA, upravnik Vojne bolnice u Zagrebu

BIENENFELD dr Rudi, stomatolog, sanitetski pukovnik u JNA

LÖVENTAL dr Zelenko, historičar medicine, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta

KOLLMANN dr Slavko, otorinolaringolog u Zagrebu

FOLDES-KOLLMANN dr Olga, pedijatar u Zagrebu

ŠPIRER dr.....otorinolaringolog u Zagrebu

AKERMAN dr Rade, primarius ginekolog, šef odjela u Zadru

ALTARAS dr Jakica, rendgenolog u Zagrebu, sada profesor univerziteta u Giessenu

STEINER dr Stjepan, internist, profesor Vojno-medicinske akademije, general sanitetske služ-be JNA, u Zagrebu

GOLDSCHMID-STEINER dr Zora, kirurg, sanitetski potpukovnik JNA u Zagrebu

GLESINGER dr Lavoslav, neuropsihijatar i historičar medicine, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu

ROSENZVVEIG dr Erich, ginekolog, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu

NEUMANN dr Emil, pedijatar, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu

STERN dr Oskar, stomatolog, profesor Stomatološkog fakulteta u Zagrebu

SUVIN dr Miroslav, stomatolog, profesor Stomatološkog fakulteta u Zagrebu

MANTL dr Sebastijan, sanitetski general bivše jugoslavenske vojske, načelnik saniteta Zagrebačke armijske oblasti

RUZIC dr...internist, sanitetski pukovnik bivše jugoslavenske vojske i načelnik odjela zagrebačke Vojne bolnice

FISCHtR dr Zlatko, internist u bolnici u Sisku, poginuo u partizanima

FISCHER dr Oskar, internist u Jastrebarskom

BREYER dr Karlo, ginekolog u Sisku

BERGER dr Pavao, liječnik u Bjelovaru

ZON dr Mojsije, liječnik socijalnog osiguranja u Opatiji

CITRIN dr Henryk, internist, vojni liječnik bivše jugoslavenske vojske

BETTLHEIM dr Stjepan, neuropsihijatar, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu

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BETTLHEIM dr Stjepan, neuropsihijatar, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu

JULIUS dr Dezider, neuropsihijatar, ravnatelj Duše-vne bolnice u Vrapcu, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu

NEUFELD-WACHSLER Stela, liječnica u Novoj Gradiški

NEUMANN dr Iso, liječnik u Novoj Gradiški

NEUMANN dr Željko, kirurg u Rijeci

NEUMANN dr Branko, pedijatar u Opatiji

HIRŠLER dr Slavko, stomatolog, šef zubarske služ-be u Zagrebu

HEINRICH dr Albert, direktor Doma zdravlja u Koprivnici

STEIN dr Mavro, ginekolog u Zagrebu

DAJČ dr Miroslav, ginekolog u Zagrebu, poginuo u partizanima

ROSENZWEIG dr Arnulf, neuropsihijatar, šef odjela u bolnici "Dr Kajfeš" u Zagrebu

WEISS dr.....(otac) liječnik u Križevcima

WEISS dr.....(sin) liječnik u Križevcima

DUIĆ dr Miroslav, internist u Zagrebu, sanitetski pukovnik JNA u Vojnoj bolnici u Zagrebu

EISENSTADTER dr Vlatko, internist u Zagrebu

WEISS dr Milan, otorinolaringolog, sanitetski pukovnik u JNA, šef odjela Vojne bolnice u Zagrebu

GOLDNER dr Milan, ftiziolog, sanitet, pukovnik JNA, šef odjela Vojne bolnice u Zagrebu i načelnik ftiziološke službe grada Zagreba

BLAU-FRANCETIĆ dr Ruža, internist, vojni liječnik JNA u Zagrebu

GRINER dr Teodor, pedijatar, sanitetski pukovnik JNA u Zagrebu

RAUSNIC-OBERSON dr Jolanda, internist Vojne bolnice u Zagrebu, sanitetski potpukovnik JNA

OBERSON dr Đuro, internist, primarius, sanitetski pukovnik JNA u Zagrebu

DEUTSCH dr Samuel, internist Socijalnog osiguranja u Zagrebu

FRANK dr Otto, internist u Vojnoj bolnici u Zagrebu

POLAK dr Slavko, liječnik u Zagrebu

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TOLNAUER-POLLAK dr Vera, ravnatelj Doma zdravlja općine Centar u Zagrebu

NEUMANN dr Vladimir, infektolog u Zagrebu

FIŠER-FEIN dr Lola, ortodont u Zagrebu

FEIN dr Robert, stomatolog u Zagrebu

ROTMANN dr Pavao, laringolog u Zagrebu

ATIJAS dr Reaina, dermatolog u Bjelovaru

HAFNER dr Žiga, internist, asistent Interne klinike u Zagrebu

FELDMAN dr Miroslav, internist, primarius, ravnatelj Doma zdravlja Peščenica u Zagrebu, književnik, predsjednik Društva književnika Hrvatske i PEN-kluba Jugoslavije

DELIĆ dr Miroslav, ortoped, ravnatelj Ortopedske bolnice u Kraljevici, kasnije u bolnici "Dr Kaj-feš" u Zagrebu, član Kirurške akademije Francuske

GARA dr Šandor, liječnik željezničara u Zagrebu

KRAUS dr Lavoslav, stomatolog u Osijeku, kasnije kao sanitetski pukovnik JNA, epidemiolog u Sarajevu i u Beogradu

SCHON dr Leo, liječnik u Osijeku

AUSLENDER-ANDRIĆ dr Jakša, liječnik u Ivankovu i Osijeku

NILIĆ dr S., liječnik u Osijeku, poginuo u partizanima

FIŠER dr Oto, poginuo u partizanima

HERLINGER dr Ivo, laringolog u Osijeku, poginuo u partizanima

HERLINGER dr.....kirurg

KRAUS dr Ladislav Laci, liječnik u Osijeku, poginuo u partizanima

FISCHER-SARTORIUS dr Feđa, pedijatar, docent i osnivač dječje bolnice u Zagrebu, predsjednik Komisije UNICEF-a za Hrvatsku

SONNENFELD dr Aleksander, liječnik u Vinkov-cima

FERBER dr Edvin, specijalist nutricionist, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu

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DEUTSCH dr Edo, ortoped u Zavodu za socijalno osiguranje u Zagrebu, poginuo u partizanima
ALBAHARI dr Cila, bakteriolog, sanitetski pukovnik JNA u Zagrebu

ADLER dr..... dermatolog u Zagrebu

VIOLA dr..... otorinolaringolog u Zagrebu

DAJČEVA-ŽUPIĆ dr Klara, liječnica opće medicine u Zagrebu

FISCHER dr Rikard, dermatolog, primarius Zakladne bolnice u Zagrebu

HERCEG dr Pavao, internist, primarius u Osijeku

HERZOG dr Drago, stomatolog u Zagrebu HIRŠL dr Mladen, stomatolog u Zagrebu, poginuo u partizanima

SCHWARZ dr Dragutin — Karči, kirurg u Merkurovom sanatoriju u Zagrebu

HEIN dr Oskar, internist u Zagrebu

RAHELIC-ZENTNER dr Vera, oftalmolog u Rijeci

FIŠBAH dr Jonas, internist, sanitetski pukovnik JNA u Zagrebu

POLLAK dr Vladimir, internist u Karlovcu (?)

POLLAK dr Alfons, internist u Slavonskom Brodu (?)

POLLAK dr Artur, hematolog, docent, ravnatelj Za-voda za transfuziju u Zagrebu

WEIS dr Oskar, ginekolog

EISENSTADTER dr David, ginekolog u Zagrebu

BLUHWEIS dr Saša, ginekolog na Ginekološkoj klinici u Zagrebu

ROSNER dr Rudolf, neuropsihijatar u Zagrebu, poginuo u partizanima

LEDERER-FISCHER dr Klara, (?)

LEDERER dr Branko, ginekolog u Osijeku

NEUMANN dr Ljuba, hematolog Zakladne bolnice u Zagrebu

PODVINEC dr Srećko, otorinolaringolog u Zagrebu

SPITZER dr Ivo, pedijatar u Zagrebu

JELINEK dr Gustav, zubar u Zagrebu

JELINEK dr Erich, stomatolog, profesor na Stomatološkom fakultetu u Zagrebu

LAPTER dr Vladimir, stomatolog, profesor na Stomatološkom fakultetu u Zagrebu

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

LAPTER dr Vladimir, stomatolog, profesor na Stomatološkom fakultetu u Zagrebu

SALZ dr Hinko, zubar u Zagrebu

ŠUSTER dr Ervin, rendgenolog u Zagrebu

ROTH-SVOREN dr Emica, rendgenolog u Zagrebu

GROSS dr Mavro, balneolog u Rogaškoj Slatini

BAUER dr Marko, oftalmolog u Zagrebu

FREUND dr Hinko, laringolog u Zagrebu

EKŠTAJN dr Mišo, stomatolog, sanitetski potpukovnik JNA u Zagrebu

GOSTL dr Branko, psihijatar u Vrapču kraj Zagreba

NJEMIROVSKI dr Herman, zubar u Zagrebu

NJEMIROVSKI dr Zdenko, profesor Stomatološkog fakulteta u Zagrebu

MÜLLER dr Otto, pedijatar u Zagrebu

MÜLLER dr Zlata, liječnik u Zagrebu

HIRSCH dr.....ravnatelj Higijenskog zavoda u Osijeku

WEISSMANN dr K., internist u Osijeku

WIESNER dr Mavro, liječnik u Osijeku

ZENTNER dr Pavao, sanitetski major JNA u Osi-jeku

KOHN dr Artur, urolog u Zagrebu

KOHN-KONIG dr Erna, pedijatar u Zagrebu

GOLDNER dr Vlado, kardiolog, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu

GÜNZBERGER dr Zvonko, ftiziolog u Koprivnici

GINCBERG dr Oskar, dermatolog

SVEĆENSKI dr Branko, neuropsihijatar, profesor Vojnomedicinske akademije, sanitetski pukovnik JNA,
upravnik Vojne bolnice u Zagrebu i kasnije načelnik saniteta avijacije

POLICER dr Stjepan Pista, liječnik opće prakse, mnogo progonjen od predratne policije, kasnije u
Jasenovcu, odakle je uspio pobjedi u partizane, načelnik saniteta u Ministarstvu zdravlja

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

HIRSCHLER dr Slavko, stomatolog, šef zubarske službe SR Hrvatske
STEINER dr Alfred, stomatolog u Požegi, kasnije sanitetski pukovnik JNA
SATTLER dr tugen, kirurg u Zakladnoj bolnici u Zagrebu
ŠPICER dr Fric, liječnik Zavoda za socijalno osiguranje u Zagrebu, predsjednik Glavne liječničke komisije, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu
ŠIK-OBERHOFER dr Tea, pedijatar, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu
REMENY-ŠARIĆ dr Suzana, kardiolog, profesor Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu
SEKLER dr Robert, oftalmolog, docent Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu
HORVAT dr Artur, kirurg u bolnici "Dr Kajfeš" u Zagrebu
ŠALAMON dr Gustav, kardiolog na klinici Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu
ERNST dr Saša, kardiolog na klinici u Zagrebu
FRÖHLICH-REINER dr Nada, imunolog u Zagrebu
WEISS-MALEČEK dr Renée, imunolog u Zagrebu
WEISGLAS dr bakteriolog u Zagrebu
MANHALTER dr Theo, imunolog u Zagrebu
BLAU dr Antun, zubar u bolnici „M. Stojanović“ u Zagrebu
POLLAK drinternist, šef odjela bolnice u Karlovcu
STRAUS dr Zvonko, kirurg u Otočcu
MILHOFER dr.....dermatolog u Bjelovaru
REICHdr Emil, liječnik zavoda za socijalno osiguranje u Zagrebu
FÜRST dr Hinko, osnivač i prvi ravnatelj bolnice u Sisku god. 1870
ALTARAS dr Silvije, sanitetski rukovodilac, poginuo u partizanima
PERERA-MATIĆ dr Izidor, načelnik saniteta divizije, poginuo u partizanima
HEINER dr specijalist za sportsku medicinu u Zagrebu
TRINKI dr Moni, internist u kliničkoj bolnici „Rebro“ u Zagrebu
NEUMANN-MAMULA dr Mirjana, stomatolog u Rijeci

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

Jevrejska bogoštovna općina List of Jewish communities in 1929/1930 From Jewish Almanah made by rabbi dr.Leopold Fisher	Broj članova	Broj duša	Broj židovskih lječnika	Broj židovskih lječnika u kotaru
Ada	95	446	3	
Bajmok	49	131		
Banja Luka aškenaskog obreda	52	210	3	
Banja Luka sefardskog obreda	60			
Bećej, Novi	80	200	3	2
Bećej, Stari	152	500	3	2
Bečkerek, Veliki	475	1971	15	2
Bela Crkva	31	73	1	1
Beograd askenaskog obreda	510	1430	5	
Beograd sefardskog obreda	1240	7000	19	
Bezdan				
Bihać	31	168	2	1
Bijeljina	80	338	1	1
Bitolj	292			
Bjelovar	210	600	6	
Brčko	24	126	1	
Brod na Savi	177	418	2	
Čakovec	211	800	3	
Čantavir	30	65	2	
Čurug	25	75		
Daruvar	106	239	3	
Debeljača	70	225	2	2
Derventa	29	200		1
Djakovo	100	548	3	
Doboj	15	108	1	1
Dubrovnik	45	101		
Erdevik	7			
Gradiška, Nova-Cernik	73	220		
Gradište, Bačko	21			
Idjoš, Mali	27	67	3	4
Ilok	50	320		
Kanjiža, Stara	23	285	3	4
Karlovac	137	400	3	2
Kikinda, Velika	132	415	2	5
Koprivnica	148		2	

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

Jevrejska bogoštovna općina	Broj članova	Broj duša	Broj židovskih liječnika	Broj židovskih liječnika u kotaru
Kragujevac	70			
Križevci	62	210	1	
Kula	40	112	1	4
Kutina	75	200		1
Lendava, Dolnja	55	248	2	1
Leskovac	20	90	2	2
Ludbreg	42	74	1	
Miholjac, Doljni	100	224	1	
Mitrovica, kosov.	20	93		
Mitrovica, srem.	41	132		3
Mol	39		1	
Moravica, Stara	21	56	2	
Mostar	20	310	1	1
Murska Sobota,	72	146		
Našice	60	399	1	1
Niš	94	430	3	
Novi Sad	800		15	
Orahovica	20	53		
Osijek	702	3020	14	9
Osijek doljni grad	86	160	2	
Pakrac	63	209	2	
Palanka, Bačka	88	265	1	
Pančevo	148	601	5	3
Parabuć	14	44		
Pazar, Novi.	53			
Petrovac	32	104		
Petrovo selo				
Pirot	30			
Požarevac	14	64		
Požega	90	468	3	3
Priština	40	400		
Ruma	71	284		
Sanski-Most	6			
Sarajevo aškenaskog obreda	338	1190	10	10
Sarajevo sefardskog obreda	1893	7000	8	

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

Jevrejska bogoštovna općina	Broj članova	Broj duša	Broj židovskih liječnika	Broj židovskih liječnika u kotaru
Senta	250	974	9	10
Senta sefardskog obreda	150	400	10	8
Sisak	230			
Sivac, Stari	24	70	1	
Skoplje	600	3000	3	1
Slatina, Podravska	80	262	1	1
Smederevo	17	78		
Sombor	250	1150	4	
Srbobran	15		1	
Split	50	210		
Stanišić	12	52	1	
Subotica	1223	6000	29	
Subotica, orthodoksna opš.	1001	500		
Šabac	21	68		
Šamac, Bosanski	20	52		1
Šid	15			
Štip	50	625	2	2
Temerin	27			
Topola, Bačka	108	572		
Travnik	88	364	2	3
Tuzla	79			
Valpovo	85	157		
Varaždin	262	1400	7	1
Vinkovci	227	995	4	
Virovitica	102	643	1	2
Visoko	22	70	1	1
Višegrad	50	107		
Vlasenica	22	51		
Vrbas, Novi	79	209	3	
Vršac	160	600	3	2
Vukovar	134	600	3	
Zagreb	2740	12000	70	
Zagreb sefardskog obreda	121			
Zavidović	20			
Zemun	132	1200	5	5
Zemun sefardskog obreda	90			
Zenica	50	270	1	1
Zvornik	26	75		1
Žabljak	20			
Žepče	18			

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

**Jewish students in
Yugoslavia 1928-1938**

**In Year 1937/38 on
University of Zagreb
has been**

**284 Jewish students
(56 women)**

**Medical Faculty (156)
Law (110)
Technical faculty (95)
Agriculture (20)
Veterine (27)**

**Height economy
school (30)
Musical Academy (5)**

Židovi u Hrvatskoj od 18. do 20. stoljeća

Tablica 15. Židovski studenti u Jugoslaviji 1928-1938 godine Jewish students 1928-1938			
Academic year	Total enrolment	male students	woman students
1928/29	569	439	130
1929/30	582	451	131
1930/31	590	444	146
1931/32	677	515	162
1932/33	704	545	159
1933/34	767	592	175
1934/35	716	548	168
1935/36	596	457	139
1936/37	555	414	141
1937/38	530	408	122

Studenti su bili upisani na zagrebački, ljubljanski, beogradski, skopski i subotički univerzitet.

Školske godine 1937/38 na zagrebačkom sveučilištu studiralo je ukupno 284 studenata Židova, od toga 56 studentica.

Najviše je židovskih studenata bilo na medicinskom fakultetu (156, od toga 43 studentice), zatim na pravnom (110 studenata od toga 18 studentica) i na tehničkom fakultetu (95 studenata od toga 10 studentica).

Na poljoprivrednom fakultetu ima svega 20 židovskih studenata, a na veterinarskom 27, što je vjerojatno uvjetovano urbanim načinom života Židova u to vrijeme.

Na visokoj ekonomskoj školi bilo je 30 židovskih studenata, na muzičkoj akademiji 5 i na umjetničkoj akademiji 1.

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

Book by dr. Boris Blau (2006) with data about 900 Jewish students from Zagreb Medical Faculty, from establishment in year 1917 till 1941, when Holocaust started in Croatia.

Studenti Židovi Medicinskog fakulteta Sveučilišta u Zagrebu

Boris Blau



Pregled upisanih studenata
te popis apsolvenata i diplomanata
od osnutka fakulteta do
II. svjetskog rata (1917. - 1941.)



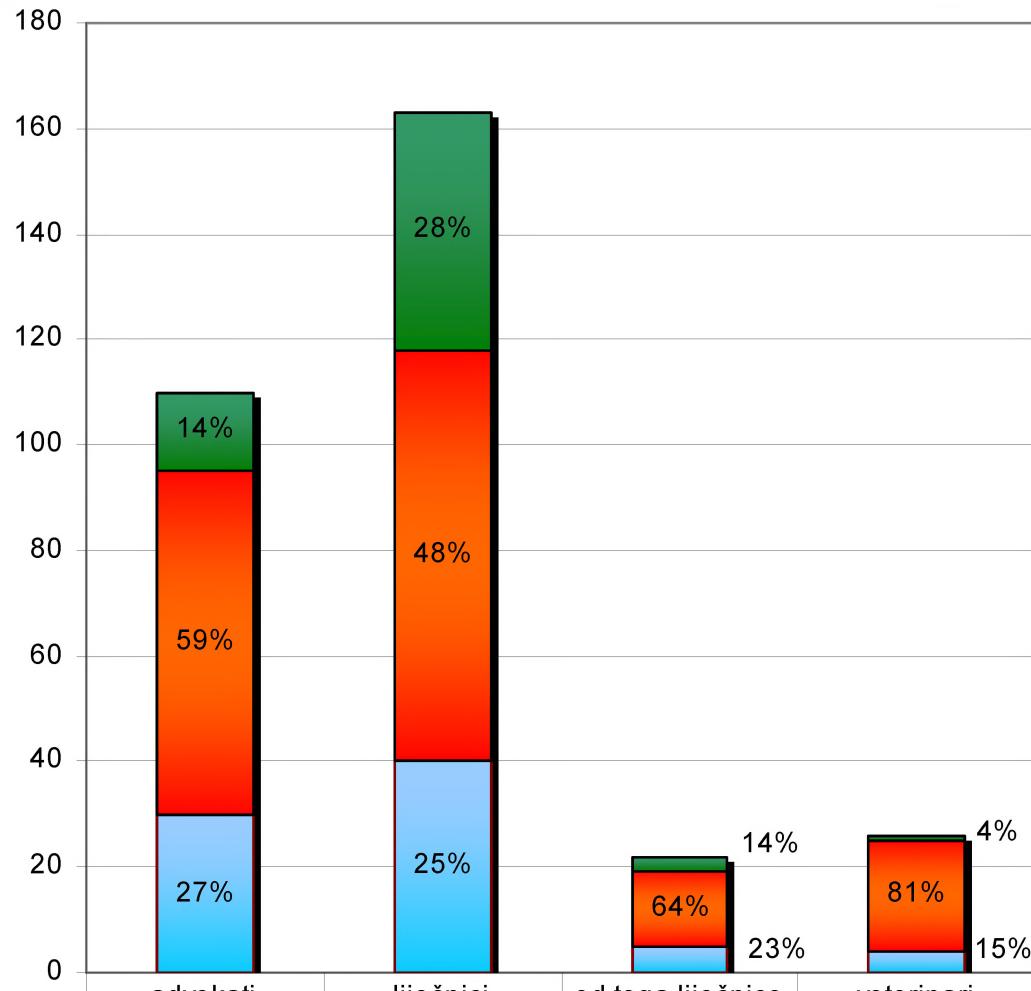
preživjelo	15	13,6
ubijeno	65	59,1
nepoznato	30	27,3
ukupno	110	100

	Liječnici		Liječnice	
	broj	%	broj	%
preživjelo	45	27,7	3	13,6
ubijeno	78	47,8	14	63,7
nepoznato	40	24,5	5	22,7
ukupno	163	100	22	100

Veterinari		
	broj	%
preživjelo	1	3,8
ubijeno	21	80,8
nepoznato	4	15,4
ukupno	26	100

Farmaceuti		
	broj	%
preživjelo	11	32,3
ubijeno	13	38,3
nepoznato	10	29,4
ukupno	34	100

Preživjeli židovski stručnjaci



preživjelo	15	45	3	1
ubijeno	65	78	14	21
nepoznato	30	40	5	4

□ nepoznato □ ubijeno □ preživjelo

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

BISERKA BELICZA, SAŠA JEVTOVIĆ

Symposium

Two century of the history and culture - Jews in Zagreb and Croatia (1998)

**Dr. Biserka Belicza
(president of the Society for history of medicine in Croatia) and dr. Saša Jeftović**

Presented scientific article:

“Jewish participation in medicine in Croatia and Zagreb”

Udio Židova u medicini u Hrvatskoj i Zagrebu¹

Uvod

Kao što opća povijest Židova u Hrvatskoj i Zagrebu nije sustavno i sveobuhvatno istražena tako je i udio Židova u povijesti medicine i zdravstva u Hrvatskoj samo djelomično proučen. Ove su činjenice bitno utjecale na pristup i rezultate našega rada u kojem smo željeli prikazati medicinsko djelovanje Židova na teritoriju današnje Hrvatske u razdoblju od XIV. do sredine XX. stoljeća. Naše je istraživanje pokazalo da još nema neujednačene baze podataka za kvantitativna istraživanja i znanstvenu evaluaciju uloge Židova u razvoju medicinskih znanosti i zdravstvene skrbi, bilo da je riječ o pojedinom razdoblju, lokalitetu ili ustanovi, bilo da njihovu ulogu i udio želimo sagledati na razini Hrvatske u

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

176 J. Romano

Jaša Romano (i973) Jewish doctors and nurses
participants in NOR

SPISAK ZDRAVSTVENIH RADNIKA JEVREJA UČESNIKA U NARODNOOSLOBODILAČKOM RATU*

LEKARI

Abelsberg Š. dr Pavle, lekar u Subotici. Rođen 1893. u Baćkoj Palanci. Medicinski fakultet završio u Budimpešti 1919, a zatim specijalizirao otorinolaringologiju. Po okupaciji bio u logoru u Baću Topoli, a zatim prebegao u Mađarsku. U NOV od marta 1945, bio lekar Bolničkog centra 3. korpusa.

Abravanel Nisima dr Hajim. Roden 1896. u Pirotu. Medicinski fakultet završio 1926. u Pragu, a zatim specijalizirao internu medicinu. U NOV od septembra 1944, bio upravnik Bolnice u Soporu, a zatim u Golubincima (Makedonija). Nosilac jednog vojnog odlikovanja.

Adanja dr Solomon, lekar u Beogradu, gde je rođen 1905. Medicinski fakultet završio 1929. u Beću, a zatim specijalizirao hirurgiju i urologiju. Po okupaciji prebegao u Mađarsku, gde je bio interniran u logor. U NOV od maja 1945, bio lekar u Glavnoj vojnoj bolnici u Beogradu. Nakon rata ostao u JNA kao načelnik Urološkog odjeljenja Vojnomedicinske akademije. Izabran je za profesora. Penzionisan kao sanitetski pukovnik. Nosilac 4 vonja odlikovanja. Objavio oko 50 naučnih radova iz oblasti urologije.

Ajzenšteter (Eisenstädter) D. dr Vlatko, lekar u Zagrebu, gde je rođen 1902. i završio 1926. medicinski fakultet a zatim specijalizirao internu me-

lizirao otorinolaringologiju. Po okupaciji Beograda prebegao u Italiju. U NOV od 1944. Bio zadužen za organizaciju sanitetske službe u zbegu u Italiji.

Altarac Kalmija dr Jakov, lekar u Donjem Vakufu. Rođen 1900. u Banja Luci. Medicinski fakultet završio 1926. u Zagrebu. Bio neko vreme vojni lekar, a zatim sreski lekar. Po dolasku ustaša na vlast uključen je u ekipu za suzbijanje endemskog sifilisa. U NOV od jula 1943, bio upravnik ambulante 10. krajiške brigade, referent saniteta Komande vojnog područja Mrkonjićgrad, upravnik odeljenja bolnice 2. prol. divizije, upravnik Vojne bolnice "Dubrovnik". Penzionisan kao sanitetski major. Nosilac 3 vojna odlikovanja. Umro 1960. u Sarajevu.

Altaras L. dr Jakov. Rođen 1918. u Splitu. Medicinski fakultet završio 1944. u Bariju. U NOV od septembra 1943, bio referent saniteta 1. dalmat. prol. brigade, lekar u bolnici 8. korpusa, upravnik partizanske ambulante u Bariju. Posle rata specijalizirao rendgenologiju. Nosilac 3 vojna odlikovanja.

Altaras dr Silvio, lekar u Splitu, gde je rođen 1913. Medicinski fakultet završio 1940. u Zagrebu. Naprednom pokretu je pristupio za vreme studija. Po okupaciji Splita stupio u NOP i bio član ile-

Jewish Doctors in Croatia

Doctors-war criminals

- Nuernberg process in 1946:
23 doctors were accused for
war crimes
- for their medical
experiments on Jewish
prisoners in camp
Dachau,Auschwitz ..
(Frozing,pains,drinking sea
water, infectious diseases ,
poison, bullets, bomb, blood
groups, transplantation,
sterilisation...)

